

Offered by:

COUNCILORS FELIX G. ARROYO AND JOHN CONNOLLY

CITY OF BOSTON IN CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION OPPOSING QUESTION 3 ON THE MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

WHEREAS: Ouestion 3 on the November Massachusetts General Election

ballot would, if passed, cut the sales tax rate to 3%, a reduction of more than fifty percent from the current sales tax rate; and

WHEREAS: If passed, the Commonwealth would lose \$2.5 billion in

revenue; and

WHEREAS: \$2.5 billion equals one-half of all state spending on our public

schools, and is two and a half times as much money as the state spends each year on state universities and community colleges;

and

WHEREAS: A drastic cut in the income tax will inevitably lead to reductions

in local aid and cities and towns raising property taxes to make

up the deficit. BE IT

RESOLVED: The Boston City Council, hereby assembled, resolves that the

Council opposes Question 3 on the Massachusetts General

Election Ballot and hereby encourages Boston residents to Vote

No on Question 3.

Filed: October 19, 2010



Offered by:

COUNCILORS FELIX G. ARROYO AND JOHN CONNOLLY

CITY OF BOSTON IN CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION OPPOSING QUESTION 2 ON THE MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

WHEREAS:

Ouestion 2 on the November Massachusetts General Election ballot would, if passed, repeal the state's Affordable Housing Law (Chapter 40B); and

WHEREAS:

The Affordable Housing Law sets a reasonable goal of requiring each community to have at least 10% of its overall housing stock be affordable; and

WHEREAS:

The Affordable Housing Law accounts for 80% of the affordable housing built outside the major cities in the Commonwealth since its passage forty years ago; and

WHEREAS:

Business leaders throughout the Commonwealth, such as Paul Guzzi of the Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce, Rick Lord of the Associated Industries of Massachusetts, and Greg Vasil of the Greater Boston Real Estate Board have all publicly opposed Question 2; and

WHEREAS:

According to the University of Massachusetts Donahue Institute, the Affordable Housing Law has generated \$9.25 billion in construction and related spending over the past ten years, and the 21,000 units planned under the law going forward would create an additional \$10.42 billion in spending.

BE IT

RESOLVED:

The Boston City Council, hereby assembled, resolves that the Council opposes Question 2 on the Massachusetts General Election Ballot and hereby encourages Boston residents to Vote No on Question 2.

Filed:

October 19, 2010



Offered by:

COUNCILORS FELIX G. ARROYO AND JOHN CONNOLLY

CITY OF BOSTON IN CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION OPPOSING QUESTION 1 ON THE MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

WHEREAS: Question 1 on the November Massachusetts General Election

ballot would, if passed, eliminate the sales tax on alcohol

purchases.

WHEREAS: If passed, the Commonwealth would lose an estimated \$110

million in revenue; and

WHEREAS: This revenue is targeted towards providing health care services

to 100,000 residents with alcohol and drug abuse problems; and

WHEREAS: The only goods presently exempted from the sales tax are

necessities such as food, clothing, and prescriptions, not non-

essential items like alcohol beverage purchases; and

WHEREAS: The present sales tax on alcoholic beverages helps deter

underage drinking; and

WHEREAS: There are only five states in the entire country that do not

impose a sales tax on alcoholic beverages, and the sales tax on beer is nearly three times higher in New Hampshire than it is in

Massachusetts. BE IT

RESOLVED: The Boston City Council, hereby assembled, resolves that the

Council opposes Question 1 on the Massachusetts General

Election Ballot and hereby encourages Boston residents to Vote

No on Question 1.

Filed: October 19, 2010